

# UKCP Guidance: Data availability, access and formats

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# 1. What data is available for download?

The UK Climate Projections (UKCP) data for the marine and land projections are available for download. The climate models and scenarios available are summarised in Tables 1 and 2. You can find a list of the variables and details of the regional averaging (e.g. over the UK, river basin and administrative regions) in Tables 4 and 5 below.

Dataset	Description	Emissions scenarios	Time period	Domain
<b>Time mean sea level at 12km</b>	Projections of future changes in sea water level	RCP 2.6 RCP 4.5 RCP 8.5	2007-2100	UK coastline
<b>Storm surge trend at 12km</b>	Projections of storm surge trend around the UK coastline	RCP 8.5	2007-2100	UK coastline
<b>Storm surge simulations</b>	Time series of gridded historical and future simulations of sea water level	RCP 8.5	1970-2099	UK
<b>Short event case studies</b>	Time series of gridded historical and future simulations of sea water level for three events (6 Dec 2013, 3 Feb 2014, 11 Jan 2015)	N/A	N/A	UK
<b>Time mean sea level at 12km</b>	Exploratory projections of future changes in sea water level around the UK coastline	RCP 2.6 RCP 4.5 RCP 8.5	2007-2300	UK

**Table 1** Summary of UK Climate Projections marine projections data.

Dataset	Description	Emissions scenarios	Time period	Domain
<b>Probabilistic projections</b>	Probabilistic projections over land	RCP 2.6 RCP 4.5 RCP 6.0 RCP 8.5 SRES A1B	1961-2100	UK
<b>Global (60km) projections</b>	Global climate model projections including 15 from the Met Office Hadley Centre (PPE-15) and 13 models from other international climate modelling centres (CMIP5-13)	RCP 2.6 RCP 8.5	1900-2100	Global UK
<b>Regional (12km) projections</b>	A set of 12 high resolution climate projections at 12km spatial resolution driven by the global climate model projections	RCP 8.5	1981-2080	Europe UK
<b>Local (2.2km) projections</b>	A set of 12 high resolution climate projections at 2.2km spatial resolution driven by the regional climate model projections	RCP 8.5	1981-2000 2021-2040 2061-2080	UK
<b>Derived projections</b>	Projections for RCP 2.6 and worlds with 2°C and 4°C warming produced using statistical methods and based on the global climate model projections	RCP 2.6 2°C world 4°C world	1900-2100	UK

**Table 2** Summary of UK Climate Projections climate models and scenarios for projections over land.

## 2. Where can you download the data?

There are four locations where you can download the data:

- [UKCP Website – Key Results](#). You can download a [spreadsheet](#) with the key results from the marine and probabilistic projections.
- [UKCP User interface \(UI\)](#). You can download datasets and plot graphs and maps for the UK from the user interface. Beware that the UI provides easy access to frequently requested data for the UK and some datasets are not available (e.g. the global dataset and storm surge case studies). These can be downloaded using the methods below listed below. You need to register to access the products and instructions are available at the UI.
- [CEDA Data Catalogue](#). All datasets set out in Tables 1, 2, 4 and 5 are available for download via the CEDA data catalogue. You can click and download individual files or write a script to download a set of files automatically (see the [CEDA website](#) for more details).
- Application Programming Interface (API). You can develop web applications that call upon the web-processing services underpinning the UI. Instructions on how to use the API are available at the [UKCP UI](#).

## 3. How do you register for access to the data?

For the UKCP User Interface, you can register at the [Sign Up](#) page. Enter your information in the fields and click “submit”. The interface will send you an email with a link to activate your account. Please check your spam/junk folder and you may need to move it to your inbox to allow it to activate your account.

All data is provided under the [Open Government Licence](#).

## 4. Where can you find out more about the underpinning science

The science underpinning the climate data is described in the following reports and sets of guidance available from the [UKCP guidance, factsheets and science reports web page](#):

- Peer-Reviewed science reports
  - UKCP18 Science Overview
  - UKCP18 Land Projections Science Report
  - UKCP18 Marine Projections Report
  - UKCP18 Derived Projections Report
  - UKCP Technical Report on Update to Local (2.2km) Projections, published in 2021
  - UKCP Convection Permitting Model Science Report - superseded by UKCP Technical Report on Update to Local (2.2km) Projections)
  - UKCP Additional Land Products: Probabilistic Projections of Climate Extremes
- Peer-reviewed user guidance
  - UKCP18 Factsheets on sea level and storm surge, temperature, precipitation, wind, weather types
  - UKCP18 Guidance: How to use the Land Projections
  - UKCP18 Guidance: How to bias correct
  - UKCP18 Guidance: Caveats and Limitations

- User factsheets
  - UKCP18 Factsheet: Local (2.2km) Projections
  - UKCP18 Factsheet: Derived Projections
  - UKCP Factsheet: UKCP Global (60km) – Low emissions scenario (RCP 2.6)
  - UKCP Factsheet: Probabilistic Projections of Climate Extremes
  - UKCP18 Factsheet: Snow
  - UKCP Factsheet: Atlantic Pressure Gradient (Winter North Atlantic Oscillation – NAO)
  - UKCP Factsheet: Jet Stream Position and Strength
  - UKCP Factsheet: Weather Patterns
  - UKCP Factsheet: Soil Moisture and the Water Balance
- User guidance and FAQs
  - UKCP18 Guidance: UKCP18 for UKCP09 Users
  - UKCP18 Guidance: Representative Concentration Pathways
  - UKCP18 Guidance on using different visualisation products such as plume plots, PDF and CDF plots, probabilistic projections maps
  - FAQ on UKCP Local (2.2km) Update, published in 2021
- Technical notes and reports
  - UKCP18 technical note: Clipping and baseline advice on Land Strand 1 data in UKCP18
  - UKCP technical note: Issue with UKCP Local (2.2km) simulation data, published in 2020
- Related technical notes
  - Hadley Centre technical note 101: The elicitation of distributions of parameters in HadGEM3 versions GA4 and GA7 for use in perturbed parameter ensembles

## 5. What are the restrictions on use?

The [Open Government Licence](#) (OGL) applies to all datasets.

## 6. What do you need to be aware of before using the data?

Before using the data, familiarise yourself with UKCP18 Guidance: Caveats and Limitations. Additionally, if you're interested in using UKCP Local (2.2km), you should read the FAQ and Report on the updated UKCP Local (2.2km) simulation data. These documents are available on the [UKCP guidance, factsheets and science reports web page](#).

Whilst the projections represent the latest scientific understanding and the results have been peer-reviewed by independent experts, keep in mind the caveats and limitations of the projections. Although our understanding and ability to simulate the climate is advancing all the time, our models are not able to represent all of the features seen in the present-day real climate. This means that when applying the climate projections to your decision-making, consider how best to factor the capabilities and limitations of UKCP. This should be informed by a thorough understanding of the consequences of different climate outcomes – perhaps including those beyond the ranges of uncertainty presented in UKCP.

## 7. What data formats are available?

The following table summarises the available file formats.

Product	Formats	Notes
<b>CDF plot</b> <b>Joint probability plot</b> <b>Maps</b> <b>PDF plot</b> <b>Plume plot</b>	png, jpg, pdf resolutions of 900x600, 1200x800, 2400x1600	
<b>Raw data</b>	CSV	This can be used in EXCEL or any text file reader. You can also import it into ArcGIS if you replace the metadata at the top of the file such that it resembles ESRI ASCII raster format <sup>1</sup>
	netCDF	This is for users familiar with programming and details can be found at <a href="http://www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf">www.unidata.ucar.edu/software/netcdf</a>

**Table 3** Summary of UKCP file formats.

## 8. What spatial resolutions and regional averages are available?

### Spatial resolutions and coordinate systems

The data is available in more than one spatial coordinate system. All projections over land for the UK are available in the Ordnance Survey's [National Grid](#). See Table 4 for a summary of the spatial coordinate systems used for each dataset.

The raw model data from the projections over land are in a number of different coordinate systems. We have opted to make the data available in British National Grid for the UK for all land projections to ease analysis for most UK users. It is also consistent with the coordinate system used by the Met Office's National Climate Information Centre who provide observed datasets. This required regriding the original climate model data and the details of the method and coordinate systems can be found in Appendix B. Users in Northern Ireland may need to carry out their own regriding if the Irish Grid is required.

<sup>1</sup> [http://help.arcgis.com/en/arcgisdesktop/10.0/help/index.html#/ESRI\\_ASCII\\_raster\\_format/009t0000000z000000/](http://help.arcgis.com/en/arcgisdesktop/10.0/help/index.html#/ESRI_ASCII_raster_format/009t0000000z000000/)

Dataset	Spatial resolution	Domain	Spatial coordinate system	Regional averages available
<b>Probabilistic projections, 2018</b>	25km	UK Channel Islands Isle of Man	British National Grid (OSGB)	Countries Administrative regions River basin regions
<b>Probabilistic projections of climate extremes, 2020</b>	25km	UK Channel Islands Isle of Man	British National Grid (OSGB)	None
<b>Global (60km) projections</b>	60km	Global	Regular latitude/longitude in geographic projection	Countries Administrative regions River basin regions
	60km	UK only Channel Islands Isle of Man	British National Grid (OSGB)	
<b>Regional (12km) projections</b>	12km	Europe	Latitude-longitude in rotated pole coordinates	Countries Administrative regions River basin regions
		UK Channel Islands Isle of Man	British National Grid (OSGB)	
<b>Local (2.2km) projections</b>	2.2km	UK Isle of Man	Latitude-longitude in rotated pole coordinates	Countries Administrative regions River basin regions
	5km		British National Grid (OSGB)	
<b>Derived projections</b>	60km	UK	Regular latitude/longitude in geographic projection British National Grid (OSGB)	Countries Administrative regions River basin regions
<b>Marine projections</b>	12km	UK Channel Islands Isle of Man	Regular latitude/longitude in geographic projection	None

**Table 4** Summary of geographical characteristics of UK Climate Projections data.

The marine projections are provided as grid cells along the UK coastline (for sea level and extreme water levels) and for UK sea waters (storm surge runs and short event case studies) using a regular latitude-longitude geographic projection.

## Regional Averages

The data are available for three types of aggregated areas country regions (see Figure 1), administrative regions (see Figure 2) and river basin regions (see Figure 3). The regional averages for all aggregated areas have been calculated using 2-D conservative method. See Appendix B for details.

To make it easier to share and use the shapefiles, we have created the administration and river basin region as well as country shapefiles from open-source datasets. The shapefiles are available with an Open Government Licence. Note that there are some differences between UKCP09 and the latest UKCP administration region shapefiles. These are in Scotland where Eastern, Western and Northern Scotland are based on aggregating regions from [OS Boundary Line](#). There are also some small changes to river basins which are based on the European Environment Agency's [European river catchments](#).

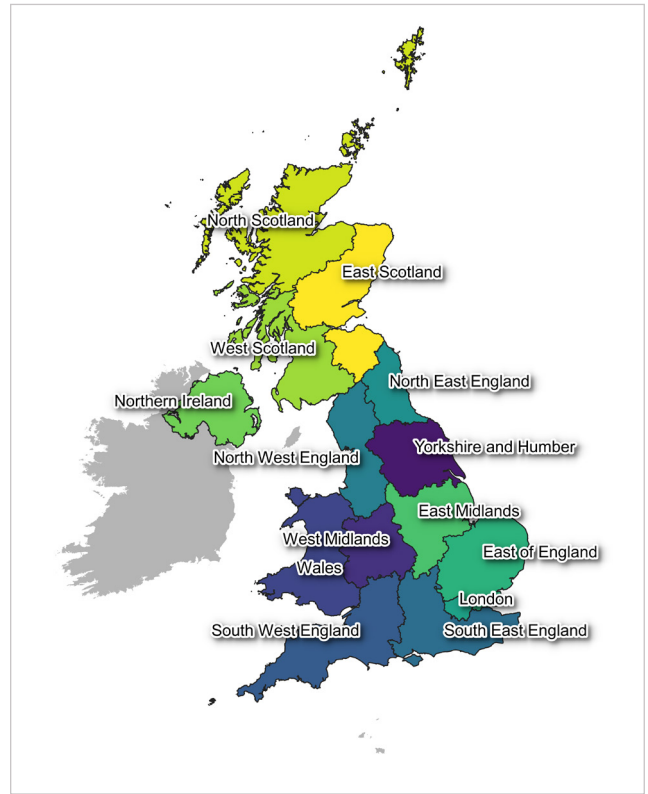
UKCP Local (2.2km) provides the most spatially detailed picture of future climate for the mainland UK. However, due to the proximity of the Shetland Isles to the northern boundary of the model domain used for these projections, data produced here is not reliable and should not be used. This is because at the edge of the model domain the projections are influenced by the techniques required to drive the model at its boundaries, which prevent Local (2.2km) from developing its own climatology over Shetland. We do not include these grid cells to calculate the regional average.

UKCP Local (2.2km) is just one of the tools available in the UKCP suite that provide national climate change information. We advise using the alternate tools to access future climate data over the Shetland Islands. For example, the Regional (12km) projections use a much larger European model domain which places the northern boundaries much further north. Shetland is represented at a 12km resolution and is free from any boundary issues.

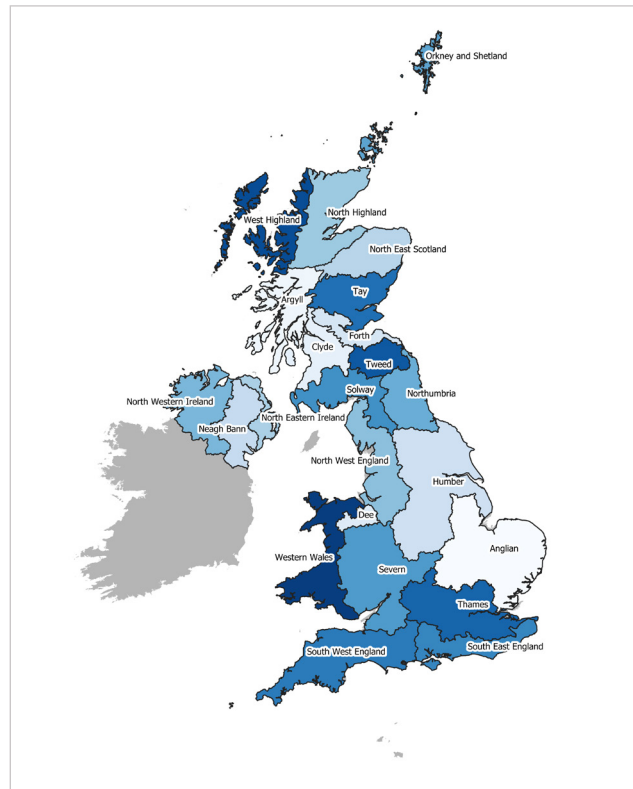
The shapefiles are available at <https://github.com/ukcp-data/ukcp-spatial-files>.



**Figure 1** Map of countries used in the latest UK Climate Projections. The two regions covering United Kingdom as well as England and Wales are available too.



**Figure 2** Map of administrative regions used in the latest UK Climate Projections.



**Figure 3** Map of river basin regions used in the latest UK Climate Projections.



## 9. What variables are available?

All of the data listed in Table 5 are available on the CEDA Catalogue. Many of the variables are also available on the UKCP User Interface.

Variable at the surface (short name in CEDA catalogue)	Units	Marine	Probabilistic (anomalies)	Probabilistic Climate Extremes	†Global (60km)	Regional (12km)	Local (2.2km)	†Derived
Cloud cover (clt)	%		✓		✓	✓	✓	
Lightning (flashrate)	No. of flashes						✓	
Precipitation (pr or pr1day pr5day)	mm/day		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓ hourly	✓*
Radiation, total downward short wave flux (rsds)	Wm <sup>-2</sup>		✓					
Radiation, net long wave (rls)	Wm <sup>-2</sup>		✓		✓	✓	✓	
Radiation, net short wave (rss)	Wm <sup>-2</sup>		✓		✓	✓	✓	
Relative humidity (hurs)	%				✓	✓	✓	✓
Sea level pressure (psl)	hPa		✓		✓	✓	✓	
Sea water level	m	✓						
Snow: snowfall amount (prsn)	mm					✓	✓	
Snow: lying snow amount (snw)	mm					✓	✓	
Specific humidity (huss)			✓		✓	✓	✓	
Temperature, maximum (tasmax)	°C		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Temperature, Mean (tas)	°C		✓		✓	✓	✓ hourly	✓
Temperature, minimum (tasmin)	°C		✓		✓	✓	✓	
Water Balance variables					✓	✓		
Wind gusts (wsgmax10m)	m/s						✓ hourly	
Wind speed (sfcWind)	m/s				✓	✓	✓ hourly	✓
Wind speed eastwards/northwards (uas/vas)	m/s				✓	✓	✓	✓
Time steps		Data set dependent	Monthly Seasonal Annual 20/30-year means	Seasonal	Daily Monthly Seasonal* Annual* 20/30-year means*			Daily+ Monthly

**Table 5** Available variables for the latest UK marine projections and climate projections over land. Only anomalies (or changes compared to a baseline time period) are available for the Probabilistic Projections. \*These are available over the UK only +only daily precipitation and temperature are available for the derived projections †Not all variables are available for CMIP5-13 (see Appendix A) ‡ Water balance variables include a soil moisture index ( $\beta$ ), soil moisture, evaporation from canopy, evapotranspiration from soil moisture store, surface runoff and subsurface runoff.

In addition to the variables listed in Table 5, a set of indices representing large-scale drivers of UK weather and climate in the UKCP Global (60km) are also available on the CEDA Data Archive. These are described in the UKCP Factsheets on the Atlantic Pressure Gradient, Jet Stream Position and Strength as well as Weather Patterns (see [UKCP guidance, factsheets and science reports web page](#)).

## 10. Where can you go for more information

If you want to find out more about the UKCP18 project visit the [UKCP website](#).

If you have enquiries about the data licence conditions and have feedback for the UKCP User Interface or CEDA Data Catalogue, please contact us through the online support form on the [UKCP website](#).

### Appendix A Data availability: UKCP Global (60km), CMIP5-13

The UKCP Global (60km) data also include information from climate modelling centres other than the Met Office Hadley Centre. The availability of climate variables from these models are dependent on whether the climate modelling centres saved the data. Table A.1 set out the available daily variables for the CMIP5-13 set of global projections. Table A.2 sets out the monthly variables that are available for the CMIP5-13 set of global projections.

CMIP5-13 member ID	CMIP5 name	Scenario	clt	hurs	huss	pr	psl	rls	rss	sfcWind	tas	tasmax	tasmin	uas	vas
16	bcc-csm1-1	RCP 2.6				✓					✓				
		RCP 8.5	1950+		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	1950+	✓
17	CCSM4	RCP 2.6				✓					✓				
		RCP 8.5				✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		
18	CESM1-BGC	RCP 2.6				-2005	-2005				-2005	-2005	-2005		
		RCP 8.5				✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		✓
19	CanESM2	RCP 2.6	1979+			✓					✓	1979+	1979+	✗	✗
		RCP 8.5			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	CMCC-CM	RCP 2.6				-2005	-2005				-2005	-2005	-2005		
		RCP 8.5	1950			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1950+	1950+
21	CNRM-CM5	RCP 2.6				✓					✓	✓	✓		
		RCP 8.5	1950+		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1950+	1950+
22	EC-EARTH	RCP 2.6				✓	✓				✓	✓	✓		
		RCP 8.5				✓	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	1900+		
23	ACCESS1-3	RCP 2.6			✓	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓		
		RCP 8.5	1950+		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1950+	1950+
24	HadGEM2-ES	RCP 2.6				✓					✓	-2005	-2005		
		RCP 8.5	1949		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1949+	1949+
25	IPSL-CM5A-MR	RCP 2.6	1950+		✓	✓	✓				✓			1950+	1950+
		RCP 8.5	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
26	MPI-ESM-MR	RCP 2.6				✓					✓				
		RCP 8.5	1950+			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1950+	1950+
27	MRI-CGCM3	RCP 2.6				✓						✓	✓		
		RCP 8.5	1950+		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	1950+	1950+
28	GFDL-ESM2G	RCP 2.6				✓						✓	✓		
		RCP 8.5	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

**Table A.1.** Summary of daily fields that are available for the CMIP5-13 set of UKCP Global (60km) projections where ✓ denotes data available for the whole period 1/12/1899 to 30/11/2099, 1950+ denotes a start year in 1950, -2005 denotes an end year of 2005. clt is total cloud cover, hurs is relative humidity at the surface, huss is specific humidity at the surface, psl is sea level pressure, rls is the long wave radiation at the surface, rss is the short wave radiation at the surface, sfcWind is wind speed at 10m, tas is mean temperature at the surface, tasmin is minimum temperature at the surface, tasmax is maximum temperature at the surface, uas is eastward wind at the surface and vas is northward wind at the surface.

CMIP5-13 member ID	CMIP5 name	Scenario														
			clt	hurs	huss	pr	psl	rls	rss	sfcWind	tas	tasmx	tasmin	uas	vas	
16	bcc-csm1-1	RCP 2.6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
		RCP 8.5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
17	CCSM4	RCP 2.6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓				
		RCP 8.5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓		
18	CESM1-BGC	RCP 2.6				-2005	-2005					-2005	-2005	-2005		
		RCP 8.5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓		
19	CanESM2	RCP 2.6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓	1979+	1979+	✓	✓
		RCP 8.5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
20	CMCC-CM	RCP 2.6				-2005	-2005					-2005	-2005	-2005		
		RCP 8.5	✓			✓	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
21	CNRM-CM5	RCP 2.6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓		
		RCP 8.5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓		
22	EC-EARTH	RCP 2.6				-2009	-2009					-2009	-2009	-2009		
		RCP 8.5				✓	✓					✓	✓			
23	ACCESS1-3	RCP 2.6			-2005	-2005						-2005	-2005	-2005		
		RCP 8.5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
24	HadGEM2-ES	RCP 2.6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	-2005	-2005	
		RCP 8.5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
25	IPSL-CM5A-MR	RCP 2.6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓			✓
		RCP 8.5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓*
26	MPI-ESM-MR	RCP 2.6	✓			✓	✓					✓	✓			✓
		RCP 8.5	✓			✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
27	MRI-CGCM3	RCP 2.6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	
		RCP 8.5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	
28	GFDL-ESM2G	RCP 2.6	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
		RCP 8.5	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

**Table A.2.** Summary of daily fields that are available for the CMIP5-13 set of UKCP Global (60km) projections where ✓ denotes data available for the whole period 1/12/1899 to 30/11/2099, 1950+ denotes a start year in 1950, -2005 denotes an end year of 2005. clt is total cloud cover, hurs is relative humidity at the surface, huss is specific humidity at the surface, psl is sea level pressure, rls is the long wave radiation at the surface, rss is the short wave radiation at the surface, sfcWind is wind speed at 10m, tas is mean temperature at the surface, tasmin is minimum temperature at the surface, tasmx is maximum temperature at the surface, uas is eastward wind at the surface and vas is northward wind at the surface. \*as both northward and eastward winds are required, this has not been transformed to the British National Grid.

# Appendix B Coordinate Systems, Regridding and Regional Averages

## Coordinate Systems

As listed in Table 4, the climate projections are available in different coordinate systems and resolutions. The following are definitions of the different coordinate systems used in UKCP raw model data:

### UKCP Global and Marine Projections

The global and marine projections raw model data are provided on the geographic projection.

### UKCP Regional

UKCP Regional for the European domain are available in a rotated pole coordinate system. The details are as follows:

- Rotated Pole
- Grid North Pole latitude = 39.25
- Grid North Pole longitude = 198.0

### UKCP Local

UKCP Local at 2.2 km spatial resolution is available in a rotated pole coordinate system. The details are as follows:

- Rotated Pole
- Grid North Pole latitude = 37.5
- Grid North Pole longitude = 177.5

## Regional Averages and Regridding

The processing tools used to provide the climate model data over land were developed in [Python 2.7](#) and [Iris](#). The probabilistic, global and regional projections are available regridded to the UK on the Ordnance Survey's National Grid as well as averaged regionally for countries, administrative regions and river basin regions. The same method was used for both regridding and regional averaging; this requires using shapefiles for the target National Grid or region and then carrying out an area-weighted method using [iris.analysis.geometry](#).

Note that there are no values for some of the small land areas for the global projections due to the coarser model grid resolution.

## Appendix C: Filename and Folder Structure Conventions

### Folder structure

The UKCP data files for the projections over land have been stored on the CEDA Data Archive using the conventions set out in Tables C.1, C.2 and C.3.

Dataset	Folder structure
Probabilistic	collection/domain/resolution/scenario/filetype/baseline/year/variable/frequency/version
Global (60km), Regional (12km), Local (2.2km), Derived	collection/domain/resolution/scenario/filetype/baseline/year/variable/frequency/version

Table C.1 Folder structure convention for files on CEDA Data Archive

Dataset	Folder structure
Probabilistic	variable_scenario_collection_domain_resolution_filetype_baseline_year_frequency_timeslice.nc
Probabilistic Extremes	variable_returnperiod_scenario_collection_domain_resolution_filetype_baseline_year_frequency_timeslice.nc
Global (60km), Regional (12km), Local (2.2km), Derived	variable_scenario_collection_domain_resolution_member_frequency_timeslice.nc

Table C.2 Filename convention for files on CEDA Data Archive

Dataset	Category description	Values available	Value descriptions
<b>collection</b>	Describes the data collection	land-prob  land-gcm land-rcm land-cpm	Probabilistic projections and Probabilistic projections of climate extremes Global (60km) projections Regional (12km) projections Local (2.2km) projections
<b>domain</b>	The spatial extent of the data	global eur uk	Global Europe UK only
<b>resolution</b>	The resolution of the dataset	60km, 12km, 2.2km	Resolution of the climate model
		60km, 12km , 5km, country, region, river	Resolution of the regrided data and regional averages
<b>scenario</b>	Representative concentration pathway or emissions scenario	rcp2.6, rcp4.5, rcp6.0,rcp8.5, sreas-a1b	
<b>filetype</b>	The type of result	cdf pdf sample	Cumulative-distribution frequency Probability distribution function Samples
<b>baseline</b>	Baseline years used for calculating anomalies	b8100, b6190, b8110	1981-2000, 1961-1990, 1981-2010
<b>nyear</b>	Number of years used for calculating anomalies	1y, 20y, 30y	
<b>member</b>	Member number	see Table D.1	
<b>variable</b>	Variable short name	see Table 5	
<b>frequency</b>	Averaging frequency	1 hour, 3 hour, daily, monthly, seasonal, annual	1 hour, 3 hour, daily, monthly, seasonal, annual
		mon-20y, seas-20y, ann-20y	20-year monthly, seasonal and annual averages
		mon-20y, seas-20y, ann-20y	30-year monthly, seasonal and annual averages
<b>version</b>	Version number		
<b>returnperiod</b>	Return period	20, 50, 100	Return period of 20, 50,100 years

**Table C.3** Description of folder and file-naming conventions used in CEDA Data Archive

## Appendix D: Climate model name and conventions for Global (60km), Regional (12km), Local (2.2km) and Derived Projections

The Global (60km) projections comprise results from the Met Office Hadley Centre global climate model (HadGEM3-GC3.05) as well as climate models (CMIP5) used in the latest assessment report from the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. Table D.1 shows the naming convention that was used in the filenames and metadata stored on the CEDA Data Archive.

Climate Model	Global Climate Model name	Member ID	Perturbed-Physics ID	Regional Climate Model name	Convection-Permitting Model name
Met Office Hadley Centre climate model	HadGEM3-GC3.05	1	r001i1p00000	HadREM3-GA705	HadREM3-RA11M
		2			
		3			
		4	r001i1p01113	HadREM3-GA705	HadREM3-RA11M
		5	r001i1p01554	HadREM3-GA705	HadREM3-RA11M
		6	r001i1p01649	HadREM3-GA705	HadREM3-RA11M
		7	r001i1p01843	HadREM3-GA705	HadREM3-RA11M
		8	r001i1p01935	HadREM3-GA705	HadREM3-RA11M
		9	r001i1p02123	HadREM3-GA705	HadREM3-RA11M
		10	r001i1p02242	HadREM3-GA705	HadREM3-RA11M
		11	r001i1p02305	HadREM3-GA705	HadREM3-RA11M
		12	r001i1p02335	HadREM3-GA705	HadREM3-RA11M
		13	r001i1p02491	HadREM3-GA705	HadREM3-RA11M
		14			
		15	r001i1p02868	HadREM3-GA705	HadREM3-RA11M
CMIP5 Climate Models	bcc-csm1-1	16			
	CCSM4	17			
	CESM1-BGC	18			
	CanESM2	19			
	CMCC-CM	20			
	CNRM-CM5	21			
	EC-EARTH	22			
	ACCESS1-3	23			
	HadGEM2-ES	24			
	IPSL-CM5A-MR	25			
	MPI-ESM-MR	26			
	MRI-CGCM3	27			
	GFDL-ESM2G	28			

**Table D.1** Climate models used in the Global (60km), Regional (12km), Local (2.2km) and Derived Projections. Table includes climate model names, corresponding identifier (member ID) and the perturbed-physics ID (for Met Office Hadley Centre models) used in the filename convention in the CEDA Archive. Only Met Office Hadley Centre (MOHC) regional and convection-permitting climate models were used. The MOHC global climate models were used as input to the 12 regional climate models. The 12 regional climate models were used as input to the 12 convection-permitting models. Further details of the HadGEM3-GC3.05 perturbed physics data is available at Sexton et al (2019)<sup>2</sup>.

<sup>2</sup> Sexton et al (2019), The elicitation of distributions of parameters in HadGEM3 versions GA4 and GA7 for use in perturbed parameter ensembles, Technical Note 101, Met Office. Available at: [https://digital.nmla.metoffice.gov.uk/digitalFile\\_70d009c8-e04e-449b-98a2-ada3be97167d](https://digital.nmla.metoffice.gov.uk/digitalFile_70d009c8-e04e-449b-98a2-ada3be97167d)

## Appendix E Data availability: Derived Projections, CMIP5-13

The Derived Projections data also include information from climate modelling centres other than the Met Office Hadley Centre. The availability of climate variables from these models are dependent on whether the climate modelling centres saved the data. In addition, the global mean surface temperature for the CMIP5-13 members 16, 21, 26, 28 do not reach 4°C above preindustrial levels.

The only daily variables available are precipitation and temperature for the Derived Projections. Table E.1 sets out the available monthly variables for the CMIP5-13 set of Derived Projections.

CMIP5-13 member ID	CMIP5 name	hurs	pr	rss	sfcWind	tas	uas	vas
16	bcc-csm1-1	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓
17	CCSM4	✓	✓			✓		
18	CESM1-BGC	✓	✓			✓		
19	CanESM2	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
20	CMCC-CM		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
21	CNRM-CM5	✓	✓		✓	✓		
22	EC-EARTH		✓			✓		
23	ACCESS1-3	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
24	HadGEM2-ES	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
25	IPSL-CM5A-MR	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓*	
26	MPI-ESM-MR		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
27	MRI-CGCM3	✓	✓		✓	✓		
28	GFDL-ESM2G	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓

**Table E.1** Summary of monthly fields that are available for CMIP5-13 set of Derived Projections where ✓ denotes data available. hurs is relative humidity at the surface, pr is precipitation, rss is the short wave radiation at the surface, sfcWind is wind speed at 10m, tas is mean temperature at the surface, uas is eastward wind at the surface and vas is northward wind at the surface. \*as both northward and eastward winds are required, this has not been transformed to the British National Grid.