

VisualEyes[™]

User Guide



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Introduction

VisualEyes is a web-based weather and forecast delivery system. The visualisation provides a wide array of weather information and Met Office forecast services. The key features are accessed via the main menu:

Control Room

The control room view provides a Visualisation for:

- Weather layers that can be added to the map for recent and forecast weather parameters;
- A site list with a summary of alerts and threshold breaches in the forecast, and indicators of the current observed and forecast lightning.

Weather Charts

The Weather Charts view offers:

- Detailed probabilistic forecast data;
- Access to Smart Windows for identifying compound risks and operational weather windows;
- Alert Summaries and chart export to a pdf.

The Weather item

The weather option on the menu provides:

- Access to SYNOP and NCM weather observation data
- Access to other resources such as documents and other weather services

Weather Warnings

A link to the National Severe Weather Warnings Service is provided for convenience, and is colour coded to match the highest current weather warning in the UK.

Settings

The Settings menu is accessible to SuperUsers, and provides access to:

- Threshold management screens where alert settings can be activated and adjusted;
- Regions management;
- Control to define the alert period.

Help

The help and support function provides access to the user Guide and information on how to contact the Met Office when you need advice or support from the Met Office.

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Purpose and use of VisualEyes

VisualEyes can help with reactive and proactive decision making for operational managers and workforce personnel:

- Planning maintenance schedules;
- Managing operational risk;
- Health and safety compliance and risk management;
- Monitoring conditions effectively at multiple sites;
- Assisting with site and task risk assessment;
- Identifying the optimum time for power generation.

It is suitable and valuable for operations involving working at height and where there is sensitivity to weather conditions (e.g. Lightning, wind, precipitation, icing, and temperature):

- Operational managers will find it useful for workforce and risk management, and for forward planning of works;
- Site personnel will find it useful for performing risk assessments, and planning their day;
- Senior managers will find it useful for understanding the macro weather impacts to infrastructure and production.

Because VisualEyes can be accessed from desktop, tablet, and mobile phone devices, it ensures that different roles within the company all have access to the same centrally managed data and weather alerts, reducing the risk of missed communications, or the need to rely on other weather applications that may not use Met Office forecasts.

It should be noted that because some features are dependent on a particular user type, screen resolution, or have large data transmission requirements, not all features are available on mobile devices, most notably the map and SuperUser administration functions.

VisualEyes can be used to generate alerts for specific weather conditions so that risks are highlighted. These alerts can be disseminated automatically by e-mail and SMS texts, as appropriate so that potential hazardous conditions are automatically shared across your workforce.

VisualEyes[™] allows customers to easily view weather conditions at multiple sites, at a glance. The primary components are:

- Map Viewer this gives both observed and forecast weather and alert information;
- Alert Panel Provides a detailed breakdown of which weather elements are triggering which alerts;
- Planning Charts Generation of a customisable weather analysis report for up to 14 days
- Smart Windows allow users to define and chart combined weather parameters to reveal weather windows for operations or more complex hazards.

lcing

Some customers have requested, and are taking part in the testing and development of the capability to forecast blade icing on wind turbine blades. This is a limited service and is not generally available. Please contact your account manager if you would like to take part in this development.

It is important to appreciate that Turbine Blade icing, or the icing of other structures is a complex area, and is subject to ongoing research and development, so this feature is provided as our best current understanding. The user is advised to assess the accuracy of the warnings for their specific structures.

The occurrence of icing presents safety, production, and maintenance challenges to wind turbine operators, and the Met Office has developed an experimental process to forecast icing alerts as a development of our experience in predicting icing in other scenarios.

The process looks at the contributing weather factors such as weather type (e.g. Light Rain), temperature, humidity, etc. to determine the likelihood of icing as high, medium, or low. Currently VisualEyes only shows an amber or red alert icon to indicate a possible icing incident, there are no charts.

System Requirements

VisualEyes V2 is tested and supported on the following system specification. However, it may still work with other 3rd party systems or software not stated.

Recommended Operating systems and Browsers

Operating System	Web Browser	Internet Connection
Microsoft [®] Windows [®] 7 +	Internet Explorer 11	Broadband connection 2 Mbps +
	Google Chrome 42	
	Mozilla FireFox 38	

Mobile Device Service Requirements

VisualEyes V2 is tested on the following mobile devices. However, VisualEyes V2 may still work with other 3rd party devices or software not stated.

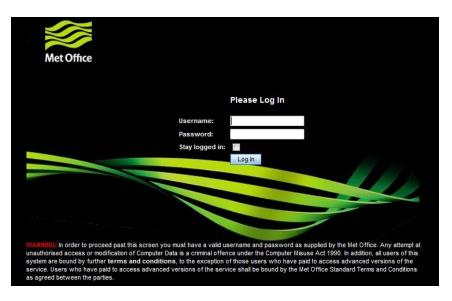
Device	Operating	Web Browser	Screen	Internet
	System		Size /	Connection
			resolution	
iPhone 5s	iOS 8	Safari 7	4 inch	Wi-Fi and 3G/4G, 2
			640x1136	Mbps +
iPad 4	iOS 8	Safari 7	9.7 inch	Wi-Fi, 2 Mbps +
			2048x1536	
Samsung Galaxy S4	Android 4.2	Android Browser,	5 inch	Wi-Fi and 3G/4G, 2
		Google Chrome	1080x1920	Mbps +
Google Nexus 7 (2013	Android 4	Android Browser,	7 inch	Wi-Fi, 2 Mbps +
version)		Google Chrome	1920x1200	

Accessing the Service

Logging In

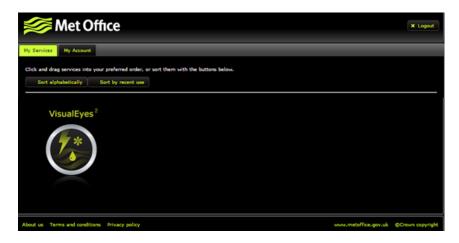
The initial screen can be accessed via your internet browser using the URL

<u>http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/premium/myservices/</u> and will require a Username and Password. These will be supplied for your SuperUser by your Account Manager.



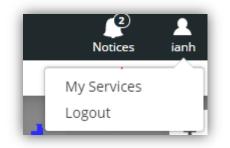
Please note that the Password is case sensitive. If you have any problems logging on, please contact the weather desk on telephone: 01392 886666. Please have details of your User Name and Password when you call to enable us to deal with your enquiry promptly.

Once successfully logged on, you will be able to click on the VisualEyes icon to open the product.



Logging Out

Click on the user icon at the top right of the application to "Logout" or return to the WAVE interface by selecting "My Services".



The My Services option will return you to the login interface where you can manage your contact and alerting details, or access any other Met Office products that you may subscribe to.

The "Logout" option will log out out of the Met Office interface.

User Types

Users are set up with one of three possible profiles:

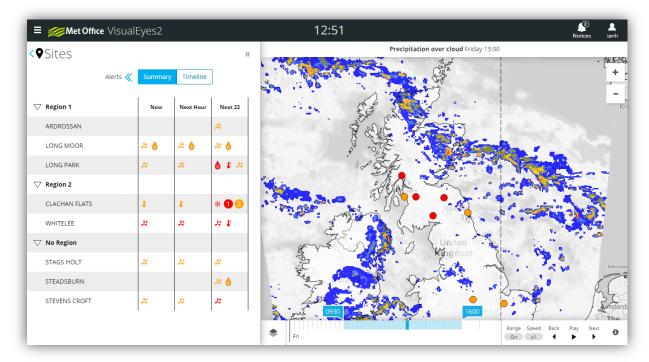
- SuperUser;
 - Access to all functions including:
 - Create, edit, and delete users (manager and standard users only), if additional SuperUsers are required, please contact your account manager or the help desk;
 - The settings menu for Threshold, Alerts, and Regions management;
 - Create, edit, and delete Smart Windows.

• Manager

- No access to creating new users, but including:
 - The settings menu for Threshold, Alerts, and Regions management;
 - Create, edit, and delete Smart Windows.
- Standard
 - Does not include the ability to:
 - Modify settings;
 - Create, edit, or delete Smart Windows.

The Control Room View

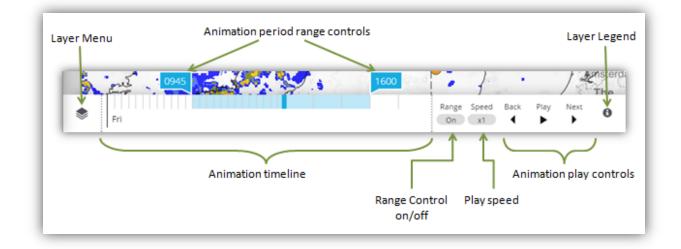
The Map View



The Control Room view is the first view that a new user will see, and it incorporates a great deal of information.

The map is a basic foundation over which various geographic layers (e.g. roads, rivers, etc.), and weather layers (e.g. cloud and precipitation, shown above) can be added.

The map and animation control bar at the bottom of the map shows the tools that are available to the user. Some elements will only be available when they have a valid function, for example, the animation options will only be visible when a layer that supports animation is displayed:



Site Markers

All the sites where a site specific forecast has been requested are marked by a coloured marker; the colour of the marker indicates the current alert status – in order of priority they are:

- o Blue: Lightning has been observed in the last 30 minutes, or is forecast;
- Red: At least one red threshold is forecast to breach;
- Amber: At least one amber threshold is forecast to breach;
- Green: No alert threshold breached for the entire alert period (12, 24, or 36 hours);

The location markers only display one colour and that indicated the most serious breach in the forecast for the alert period set by the SuperUser. This means that a Blue alert may conceal red or amber alerts, and a red may conceal amber alerts. If the map is zoomed in to a site, then the marker will adopt an icon to illustrate the current most severe weather warning type (The example below is a snow warning).

Selecting a site marker will open a "pop-up" window with details of the timelines for all alerts on the site selected.

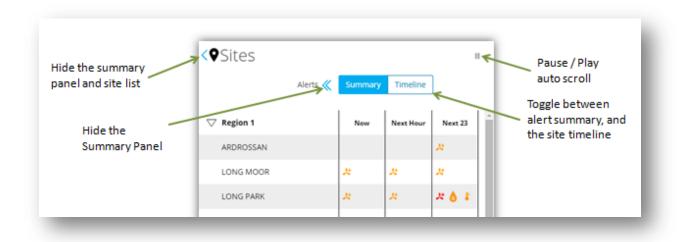
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Within the pop-up, the various weather parameters that are breaching an alert threshold are displayed (hovering over a icon will reveal a description of the icons meaning), and clicking on the site name will open the detailed weather <u>Charts</u>.



The Summary Panel

A key feature of the Control Room View is the Site List and Alert Summary Panel. This can be expanded or collapsed to show a full summary as a timeline or as a more detailed summary. Closing the alerts panel will leave just a site list with lightning status, and the site list can also be hidden when the user wishes to view only the map.



Clicking on a site in the site list will centre and zoom the map to the site

Double clicking on the site name will open the <u>Chart</u> view

How VisualEyes Prioritises Alerts

Within VisualEyes we have selected a relative priority to alerts to determine how we display alerts and the associated icons. This is based upon the feedback we receive from users.

It is important to be aware of this so as not to miss important information. A worker at height will have more interest in lightning than someone working below ground, and the reverse may be true for heavy rainfall.

The relative hierarchy applied within VisualEyes, starting with the highest priority, is as follows:

- → Lightning
- → Hub Height Gust
- → Hub Height Wind
- → Surface Gust
- → Surface Wind
- → Rain
- → Snow
- → Temperature
- → Visibility

In addition, any red is of higher priority than any amber warning and a lightning alert is higher than any other alert.

Weather Charts

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STEADSBURN	m/s	6 4 2						_		-	-			- 0.5	_		_	-	T
STEVENS CROFT	Wind	\bigtriangledown																	
		16																	

The charts view is divided into two parts:

- 1. The site list which allows the user to select a different sites (this panel can be hidden);
- 2. The charts that show the probabilistic forecast as a box and whiskers representation, and timelines for alert threshold breaches and Smart Windows.

Each weather type is presented as a chart, and all parameters for which it is possible to set a threshold, are displayed, plus probability of lightning.

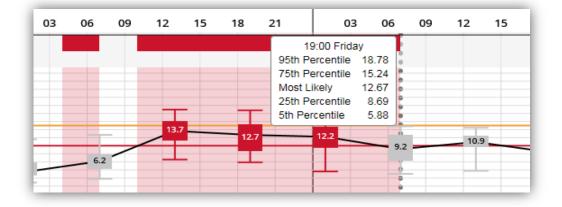
The charts show forecast threshold breaches for 36 hours, and the charts are coloured to reflect the threshold breach type (red or amber). In addition the threshold levels are shown as amber and red lines on the charts so that the user can easily see how the curve relates to the thresholds.

Note that while the charts show threshold breached out to 36 hours, this is not the same as the notification of alerts which may have been restricted to 12 or 24 hours by the SuperUser. You can see the alerting period in the alert summary panel on the control room view:



Here the alert period has been set to 24 hours.

Hovering over the box and whiskers will produce an information pop-up box with details of the percentile values levels.

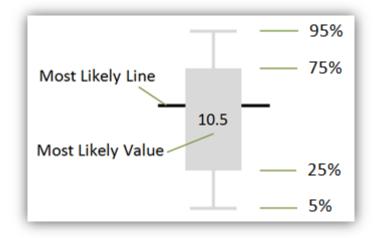


Box and Whiskers Charts

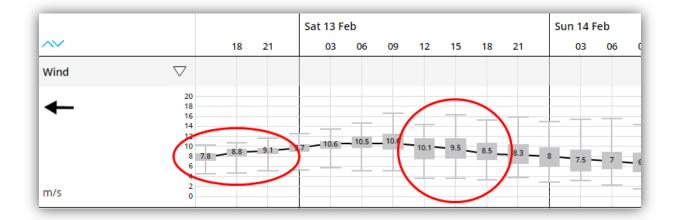
Representation of the Probabilistic Forecast

The met office produces probabilistic forecast through a process known as ensemble forecasting. Ensemble forecasting involves producing multiple forecasts (ensembles) with slightly different starting conditions; the degree of variation is an acknowledgement that we do not know the starting conditions perfectly in all locations. The result is a set of forecasts, and the degree of variation between the forecasts reflects how confident we can be in forecast. The more similarity we see in the ensemble forecasts then the higher confidence we can have.

The Box and Whiskers represents the distribution of the ensembles and allows a user to see the both the most likely forecast and the possible extremes. The user can also have an understanding of the confidence, which can be useful in understanding operational risk. The central box represents the 25 to 75 percentile, or the centre 50% of the ensembles, and the Whiskers represent the 5 to 95 percentile. This means that the chart shows the spread of the data excluding only the most extreme values.



In the example below, we see an area where the box and the Whiskers show a very small degree of variation (a small box and short whiskers) where we can have a relatively high level of confidence in the forecast; to the right we see an area where the variation is higher, and so the confidence is lower. The line running through the boxes indicates the most likely forecast level.



We might expect that confidence will decrease with time, and to a degree, it does. However, we will often see periods of low confidence followed by periods of high confidence; events of this type may be associated with the passage of a weather front or a storm followed by more settled weather.

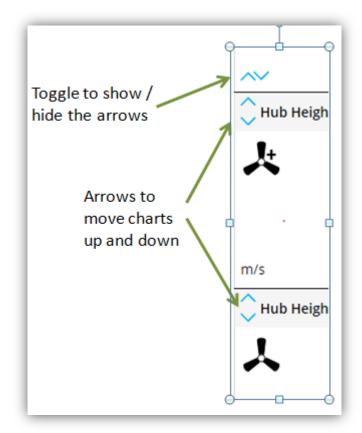
Managing and Printing Charts

When viewing the charts, you are presented with a full set of charts covering all the weather parameters for which it is possible to set an alert threshold. You can customise the view buy reordering the charts and minimising or collapsing them. This is an important feature

because selecting the **Export Chart as PDF** button will produce a PDF document that reflects the charts as they appear on the screen.

Reordering the Charts

Selecting the reordering icon will activate arrow icons allowing you to move charts up and down relative to each other



Minimising Charts

Click the triangular arrow icon in the top left of any chart to minimise/expand the charts to switch between time line and the Box and Whiskers view.



Smart Windows

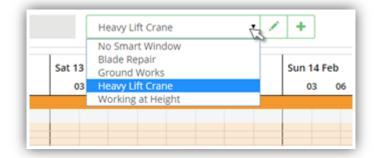
Smart Windows are a feature of the chart view. They can be used to identify weather combinations that can help the user to identify combinations of weather parameters that might suggest complex hazards, or identify operational weather windows.

The user can define multiple smart windows, which are then shared across the organisation (some user types may not be able to create or modify Smart Windows) so that any user can use any Smart Window.

When the Smart Window is displayed on the chart it is as a green bar. The green bar on the individual weather chart indicated when that weather parameter is within specification. When all the specified weather parameters are within specification, then a green bar is displayed above the chart area – this will indicate your operational window, or hazard.

			\checkmark			Defin	ned P	aram	neter	s Aligr	I					٦		
				Sat 13	Feb						Sun 14 F	eb						Mon 1
~~		1	3 21	03	06	09	12	15	18	21	03	06	09	12	15	18	21	03
Hub Height Gust	\bigtriangledown																	
Hub Height Wind	\bigtriangledown																	
Temperature (Min)	\bigtriangledown																	

Smart windows are easily applied from the drop down box above the charts:



Define a New Smart Window

On the Smart Window control, select the add symbol:



This will open the Smart Window management:

Smart Weather Windows	
Smart Weather Windows	+
	+
	Cancel Save

Enter a name for your new Smart Window – this will be shared across the company, so use a name that others will understand, and you may want to prefix it with your initials or follow an agreed convention so that you can find it easily and share it with colleagues without confusion.

After providing a name, you can go ahead and add weather parameters to define your requirement. You can add as many or few parameters as you want, but each parameter can only be added once.

Working at Height			×*
Hub Height Gust 🔹	less than • 15	m/s only •	
Hub Height Wind 🔹	less than • 10	m/s only •	
Temperature •	greater than 🔻 2	°c only •	
			_

Remember that you can adjust and modify them at any time by selecting the edit button.



Once you defined a smart window you can edit, delete, and duplicate it as necessary.

Note that the Smart Window is based upon the most likely forecast rather than a probabilistic forecast as with the threshold settings. However, because it is applied to the box and whiskers chart, you have a clear view of the Smart Window and the relative forecast confidence.

Weather

Under the "Weather" menu item you will find other resources that are generated outside the VisualEyes application. They include

Weather observation data:

- SYNOP Observations are provided for UK hourly observations for all UK stations for the last 24 hours by selecting specific locations. The data consist of:
 - Wind direction (8 point compass);
 - Wind speed (knots);
 - Wind gusts (knots);
 - Visibility (kilometres);
 - Temperature (degrees Celsius);
 - Dew point (degrees Celsius);
 - Pressure (Millibars);
 - Pressure Trend e.g. rising, falling;
 - Weather;
 - Hourly sunshine amount (hours);
 - Snow depth (centimetres).
- Temperature, Rainfall and Sunshine Reports (NCM). These reports are produced twice a day at 0900 and 2100 UTC. The periods covered for each recorded element are (unless otherwise stated): 0900 report from 2100 the previous day to 0900 on the day of the report 2100 report from 0900 to 2100 on the day of the report Includes:
 - Maximum Air Temperature (degrees Celsius);
 - Minimum Air temperature (degrees Celsius);
 - Minimum Grass Temperature (degrees Celsius);
 - Rainfall amount (millimetres);
 - Sunshine amount (hours).

Links to other forecast information:

- Synoptic Charts;
- Shipping forecast;
- inshore waters and strong winds forecast.

Weather Warnings

The Met Office issues warnings for severe weather events that present a potential risk to personal welfare and property in the form of the National Severe Weather Warnings Service (NSWWS). A link to the national web site is provided in the VisualEyes menu, and the icon colour reflects current worst warning state for weather in the UK.

Settings

Admin/SuperUsers will also have access to the Settings menu where access is provided to:

- Threshold management (site list selection, parameters, disable/enable, modify sites in bulk);
- Regions Management (Usage, set up, modify, delete, "no region");
- Alert Period (12, 24, 36 alerts and control room, always 36 on charts);

Threshold Management:

A key feature of VisualEyes is the ability to set thresholds and then issue alerts when forecast weather breaches those thresholds. To maintain thresholds, first access the threshold management and select the sites that you wish to maintain. Only after at least one site has been selected, will the thresholds become editable.

Selection of sites can be by selecting individual sites, regions or "All".

When a site is selected, the current thresholds will be collected from the core database and displayed. Note that if multiple sites are selected, then they may have different values stored for thresholds, and if this is the case, then the value will be displayed as "Multiple Values":

■ Met Office VisualEy	es2		14:41		Notices mo_hole
♥Sites	Thresholds				
All Q site search O	Lightning Type	Active	Radius 50km •		Í
NNB ARNESMORE	Coserved Forecast Lightning Forecast	•	300m		
Region 1			Red Alert Settings	Amber Alert Set	tings
EEINN AN TUIRC	Weather Type	Active	Value Probability	Value	Probability
EINDOO	Hub Height Gust Gust Speed at Hub Height	◄	Multiple Value Multiple Values	Multiple Value: •	Multiple Values :
	Hub Height Wind	•	Multiple Value Multiple Values:	15 m/s •	30
ERADWELL	Gust Gust Speed		Multiple Value: Multiple Values:	Multiple Value: *	Multiple Values :
Region 2	Wind Speed		20 m/s • 20	15 m/s *	30
AN SUIDHE			$\langle \rangle$		Revert Save
Select the site	(s)	and	his case, two sites have I some thresholds cur erent values		ted,

When setting thresholds, there will be one or two parameters:

- Observed Lightning: In the case of observed lightning, you can set only the radius from the site. 50Km is widely accepted as the optimum radius for assets that are very sensitive to, or likely to attract lightning because this reflect the lateral distance that lightning may travel before striking ground.
- Forecast Lightning: The radius for the proximity of forecast lightning to a site is set at 50km as standard, and is not user definable. The threshold probability is set as 10%, and is also not user definable. However, the forecast also absorbs the NowCast lightning.

NowCast lightning is a blend of the forecast and a forward projection of the current observed weather. It produces a deterministic forecast (i.e. without a probability value), and is the source of most forecast lightning over the next 6 hours.

- All other thresholds have a weather value (e.g. Wind = 25 m/s) and a probability value (e.g. 40%). When setting thresholds you should initially set the weather value to the limit that represents a significant level; for example, you may have a safe working at height wind speed of 15 m/s, so that is the value you should use for the red threshold. The probability should reflect your appetite for risk if you are very sensitive the weather type, then this would be a lower value whereas if you are less sensitive you would set it high see the not on ensemble forecasts and probability below.
- Once you have set a threshold it is possible that you will find it has been set either too sensitive, resulting in false alarms, or rather insensitive resulting in warnings being raised too late. Over time (depending on the weather) you will be able to tune the settings to give the best results. During this period, you should exercise caution on site.

Note: The alerts are recalculated each time the forecast is generated; this happens approximately every six hours, and including time for any processing, this means that it may take up to seven hours to be reflected on your alerts and charts. When they are reflected, they will be synchronised across all user accounts in your organisation.

Ensemble Forecasts and Probability

When setting the risk probability it is helpful to understand how the forecast is derived. The Met Office calculates multiple forecasts (called ensembles – it is an ensemble of multiple weather parameters); each ensemble uses slightly different starting conditions, and as an acknowledgement that we do not know the starting conditions perfectly in all locations. As a result, each ensemble forecast will have a slightly different outcome. When you state that you want to set a threshold at Wind Speed 15 m/s with a probability of 50%, you are effectively saying that you want at least 50% of the ensemble forecasts to breach 15 m/s before recording a threshold breach.

Note that you could set an amber threshold and a red threshold at the same value, but apply a higher probability to the red threshold. This is a valid setting, but potentially confusing. It is advisable to set the threshold value at a level that makes sense, and only use the probability to represent your risk appetite. Often this will mean having the different values with the same probability.

Regions Management

Regions management is only available to the SuperUser and Admin user types

Initially, you will have no regions defined for your organisation. The use of the term "Region" reflects user feedback for the need to consider assets according to geographic area. However, they could equally be used to differentiate asset types, managers, or any other grouping.

Currently the system only allows a site to be associated with a single region.

Define a region

To Define a region: Access the regions management, select the + New button, enter a region name in the pop-up window, and click Create. The region is now created, but has no associated sites.

Manage Sites in Regions

To add or remove sites from a region: select the region (if you have just created it, then it is already selected, and select any site that you want to add. As you add them they will be highlighted. A site can be removed by deselecting it. Once you are finished, click on Save or Revert to cancel the operation.

Rename a Region

To rename a region click on the Rename button, enter the new name and then Rename to save the new name.

Alert Period

Alert period changes are only available to the SuperUser and Admin user types

Threshold breached are calculated out to a 36 hour period. However, you can change the alert period to only highlight alerts and send out notifications with a 12, 24 or the full 36 hour advance warning period.

Alert delivery management (SMS texts and e-mail)

Every user needs to manage their alerts.

VisualEyes will send out e-mail and SMS text alerts to users on a periodic basis. When ther are active alerts / threshold breaches at one or more of your selected sites. Messages are sent at 06.00, 12.00, and 18.00 each day with an update of the alert / threshold breach status.

The email messages offer more detail than the SMS, so if you wish to minimise the number of messages that we send you, the e-mail may be more informative, but both types of message have a link to open VisualEyes where you can see the detail.

You need to supply contact details and select which sites you need to receive notifications for.

Updating your Delivery Instructions

The management of this information is performed in the WAVE interface, which is accessed from VisualEyes via the MyServices link, or after the initial login before selecting the VisualEyes product:

	Select "My A	.ccount"	
<i> M</i> et Office			¥ Logout
My Services My Account Click and drag services into your preferred order, o Sort alphabetically Sort by recent use	ir sort them with the buttons belo	м.	
VisualEyes ²			
	Select "Del	ivery Details"	
<i> M</i> et Office			¥ Logout
My Services My Account			

t Details Contact Info OpenRoad Contacts Delivery Details

	Select "VisualEyes" from the product list	
5 Met Office	¥ Logo	ut
My Services My Account		
Account Details Contact Info	OpenRojd Contacts Delivery Details	
Please select a product to set y	pur delivery preferences:	
NHP Daily Hazard Assessment NSWWS warnings and alerts		
VisualEyes2 SMS and email aler	rts	

Check the "Receive Alerts" box to activate the messaging service. By default it will show the email address attached to your user name, but you can change it to a different address. You can also elect to receive an SMS message as well, or instead of an e-mail message.

Account Details Contact Info OpenRoad Contact	ts Deliv	ery Details	
E Back VisualEyes2 SMS and emai	il alerts		
Receive alerts:			
Send alerts to: 🐐 A.N.Other@metoffice.gov.uk	in	Email-Plain Text	🔻 format 🥥
Add a delivery point Sites: Select a Region			
Not Selected		Selected	
	>>		
	>		

Once you have added your alert contact information, select the region and sites of interest, and move them into your "Selected" list. If regions have not been defined, you will still need to select the "No Region" site list from the drop down first.



You can update your site list or contact details as often as necessary.

Example E-Mail Message:

Met Office Tel: 0370 900 0100 http://www.metoffice.gov.uk

VisualEyes2 Site Specific Weather Service Threshold Breach Summary Issued at: 19:20 (BST) on 31 March 2016

DUBLIN: Hub Height Gust Hub Height Gust Hub Height Wind Speed	Amber Red Amber	From: 01:00 (BST) From: 07:00 (BST) From: 04:00 (BST)
GLASGOW: Hub Height Gust	Amber	From: 04:00 (BST)
EXETER: Wind Speed Temperature (Min) Visibility	Amber Amber Amber	From: 07:00 (BST) From: 01:00 (BST) From: 01:00 (BST)

To view all VisualEyes2 alerts, log into the service at: http://www.metoffice.gov.uk/premium/visualeyes2

To amend your SMS text and email preferences: log into the VisualEyes2 service and access My Account to manage your mobile contact number, email address, and manage which sites you are subscribed to. Alternatively, contact your administrator for support and advice.

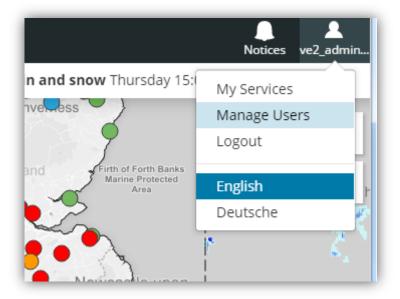
Setting Up Additional Users

If you are the SuperUser for your organisation, then you have the ability to create new users. Once you have created a user you can manage the user details, and their level of access (Manager or Standard)

Note that there is no limit to the number of users that you create, but there is no facility to delete users. Any username that is no longer required should be Blocked.

Process to Create and Manage Users

Access the Manage Users option from the drop down menu under the "My Account" button. You may be asked to resubmit your username and password:



Initially the only user will be the SuperUser:

Wet Office SU Admin	on for VisualE	yes2 Demo		X Logout
Users Subscriptions	All Users		<pre></pre>	User Guide
	User Name	Email	Account Status	Subscriptions
Treate User	ve2_admindemo	visualeyes@admin.demo	ACTIVE	su_sub visualeyes2 with layersukplus, observations visualeyes2 with admin, layersukplus, observati visualeyes2 with layersukplus, observations, s

Create New User	×	🚨 Create New User	
Username: 🗚		Username: * JSmith	
Email: 🐐		Email: * J.Smith@abc.com	
Password: *		Password: *	
💮 Create	Cancel	© Create	🔀 Cancel

Select the Create User option, complete the credentials, and click Create :

Return to the View User screen, and the new user will now be available At the stage all you have done is create the user:

Met Office SU Admin		yes2 Demo			X Logout
2 Users) Subscriptions					📆 User Guide
View Users	All Users				users by typing a username
Kon Osta	User Name	Email	Account \$	tatus	Subscriptions
Create User	ve2_admindemo	visualeyes@admin.demo	ACTIVE		su_sub visualeyes2 with layersukplus, observations visualeyes2 with admin, layersukplus, observati visualeyes2 with layersukplus, observations, s
	JSmith	J.\$mith@abc.com	ACTIVE	>	vauaryes, mui ayursunpus, uusurvaunis, s

The next stage will be to define the level of access subscription that you want to permit. Click on Edit User and select Assign Subscriptions :

View Users	EDIT: JSmith (ACTIVE			
Oreate User	Not Assigned		Assigned	
	visualeyes2 with layersukplus, obs	servations		
	visualeyes2 with layersukplus, obs	servations, smartwindows		
		×	>	
			e -	
				E Save

There are two subscription levels available, one of which included Smart Windows, and one that does not. All users will have access to use Smart Windows, but this subscription level will grant the user the ability to create, edit, and delete Smart Windows:

Select the appropriate subscription level and click the arrow to move it across to the "Assigned" box:

View Users	EDIT: JSmith	Active)					
Create User Vow Use Edit User Create User	visualeyes2 with la	ayersukplus, observations ayersukplus, observations, smartwindows EDIT: JSmith (ACTIVE •) @ User Details & Assign Subscriptions Not Assigned visualeyes2 with layersukplus, observations	>>	Assigned	•	Assigned visualayes2 with layersukplus, observations, smartwind	lows
							Save

Returning to the View Users screen, the user set-up is now complete:

	ion for VisualEye	es2 Demo			📆 User Gui
View Users	All Users			Q,	filter users by typing a username filter users by selecting a subscription
📑 Edit User	User Name	Email	Account Status	Subscription	18
Create User	ve2_admindemo	visualeyes@admin.demo	ACTIVE	su_sub	
				visualeyes2 w	with layersukplus, observations
				visualeyes2 w	with admin, layersukplus, observations, smartwindows
				visualeyes2 w	with layersukplus, observations, smartwindows
<	JSmith	J.Smith@abc.com	ACTIVE	visualeyes2 w	with layersukplus, observations, smartwindows

Removing a User

It is not possible for you to delete a user from the service, but you can Block them, which has the same effect.

Return to the Edit User option, and change the status from Active to Blocked from the drop down menu:

View Users	EDIT: JSmith (ACTIVE) ACTIVE User Details BLOCKED
Create User	Email: * J.Smith@abc.com
	Title:
	Family Name:
	Given Name:
	🗦 Reset 📄 Save

The user will now appear in the use view as "Blocked", and will no longer be able to access the account:

lser Administr	ation for VisualEye	es2 Demo			
Users 🎾 Subscriptions					User Gu
View Users				0	filter users by typing a username
Edit User	All Users	All Users			filter users by selecting a subscription
	User Name	Email	Account Status	Subscr	iptions
Create User	ve2_admindemo	visualeyes@admin.demo	ACTIVE	su_sub	
				visualey	es2 with layersukplus, observations
				visualey	es2 with admin, layersukplus, observations, smartwindo.
				visualey	es2 with layersukplus, observations, smartwindows
	JSmith	J.Smith@abc.com	BLOCKED	visualey	es2 with layersukplus, observations, smartwindows