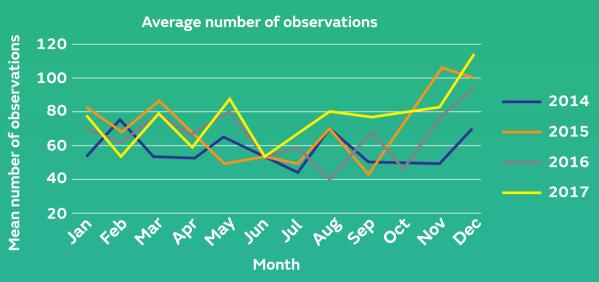


Birds at the Met Office

General trends

Volunteers from the Met Office began monitoring bird species on site in mid-2013. 104 transects around the building have been conducted over the past four years, and we can now see how the number of birds our habitats support has changed over time.

To the right is the average number of birds counted on a survey each month, and despite the totals being quite variable, there is a modest increase from 2014 to 2017. Species diversity has also increased over the past four years, where 2016 saw a record number of 45 different species.



Indicator species

The Met Office also supports several 'Birds of Conservation Concern' based on conservation criteria - historical decline, trends in population and range, rarity, localised distribution and international importance.

Red list Redwing Variable number of sightings with a record of 100 in 2015 **House Sparrow** Large increases with 44 more sightings in 2017 than 2014 (This is also a National BAP species). **Herring Gull** High numbers consistently sighted (This is also a National BAP species). Variable number of sightings with a record of 15 sighted in 2016. Other red list species are Red Kite, Fieldfare, Linnet and Song Thrush - which are also

Devon and National BAP species.

Amber list Swift Increase in sightings, with 23 House Martin sightings in 2017 than 2014. Mallard

Other amber list species are Green Woodpecker, Swallow, and Grey Wagtail.

